DESCRIPTION:
the ceiling lights turn off. A Receipt flutters to the ground.
TWILIGHT ENCROACHES.
the video monitor on the wall depicts a scene similar to the one immediately outside the ADJACENT WINDOW, EXCEPT DAY IS EXCHANGED FOR NIGHT
THE CEILING LIGHTS TURN ON. A RECEIPT FLUTTERS TO THE GROUND
THE RECEIPT BEGINS WITH A QUERY: SOMEONE (OR SOMETHING) IS QUESTIONING THE BUILDING management system, ASkING WHY IT IS SPITTING OUT QUOTES FROM TEXTS IN OLD RUTHENIAN and lithuanian, and how it is apparently using these texts to make decisions about the ROOM'S LIGHTING.
THE CEILING LIGHTS TURN OFF. A RECEIPT FLUTTERS TO THE GROUND.
ON A NEARBY BOOKSHELF, DUST JACKETS LOOK ASLANT, WARPED BY A DIGITAL SKEW. OTHER VOLUMES ARE WRAPPED, PACKED, AND SORTED AS IF THEY ARE BRICKS, CATEGORIZED BY THEIR WEIGHT, TEXtURE, AND SIZE RATHER THAN THEIR CONTENTS.
the Ceiling lights turn on. A receipt bearing an interpretation of the word "perpetuity" flutters to the ground.
the CeIling lights turn Off
A RECEIPT FLUTTERS TO THE GROUND

OVERVIEW:
DIPPING INTO A POOL OF TEXT FROM LITHUANIAN STATE ARCHIVES, METRICA (2023) IS AN AMBIent performance of institutional dynamics, scored by queries to a large language model (LLM) AS TO WHETHER THE LIGHTS SHOULD BE TURNED ON OR OFF. OBLIQUE INTERPRETATIONS OF CONTRACTS AND LAND DEEDS FROM THE LATE 14TH CENTURY UNTIL THE PRESENTHISTORIES THAT HAVE been written and overwritten by waves of occupation and subsequent land reform-haunt the room. THE EXCERPTED AND FRAGMENTED LANGUAGE OF THESE BONDS OF PROPERTY, AMPLIFIED by the mise-En-scene, inflects the space with an unsettled atmosphere, a perpetual twiLIGHT.

MATERIALS LIST:

THERMAL RECEIPT PRINTER; 10-YEAR THERMAL RECEIPT PAPER; WIFI ROUTER; CIRCUIT-BREAKER BOX WITH OUTLETS; DESK LAMP; BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (BMS) LIGHTING CONTROLS; CUSTOM BMS SOFTWARE WITH AI TEXT ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS; LITHUANIAN METRIKA VOLS. 1 (1380-1584) AND 25 (1387-1546) ; TEXTS OF LITHUANIAN LEGISLATION CONCERNING POST-SOVIET PRIVATIZATION AND LAND REFORM (1991-1997)

SINgLE CHANNEL VIDEO WITH SOUND (5 MIN), LOOPING.

RUPERT'S LIBRARY (FOUND BOOKS), DUST JACKETS, PACKING MATERIALS (PALLET WRAP, DOCUMENT POUCHES, AIR BAGS, CARDBOARD)

## alienated intelligence (AI)

the received, unacknowledged, sedimented heritage of myth, literature, lechnical regulations, and everyday distinct from the world, a realm of representation and not of reality language re-appears as a haunted, alien intelligence. Philosopher Stanley Cavell sees this as emerging from the way language spans and binds the public and the private. For Cavell, "language is our fate. It means hence that not exactly prediction, but diction, is what puts us in bonds, that with each word we utter we emit stiuplations, agreements we we have entered, agreements we were always in that were en effect before our participation in them. Our relation to our language-to the fact that we are subject to expression and comprehension, victims of meaning-is accordingly a key to our sense of our distance from our lives, of our sense of the alien, of ourselves as alien to ourselves, hus alienated."
building management system (BMS)
a computer-based control system that monitors and manages the mechanical, electrical, and electromechanica services in a building. Designed to optimize the performance of building systems such as heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC), lighting and security, the BMS ensures that ach of the systems under its control BMS can also monitor energy usage and provide data for energy manage ment and sustainability reporting Power dynamics and management can come into play with BMS, as it is use tems, enabling surveillance or control by a single authority.

EXAMPLE
In Stanley Kubrick's 1968 film "2001 A Space Odyssey," the fictional character HAL 9000 (Heuristically er) is an AI whose duties include
hose of a "building management system" for the spacecraft during it mission to Jupiter

## day for night

set of cinematic techniques that transform a scene filmed in daylight to ne that appears to be filmed at night. Employing filters, special lighting, or her visual effects that create an illusion of darkness, the technique was of en employed in the era of silent films with prints being tinted blue to achiev a simulation of "moonlight blue," mim cking an effect of the retina that shifts phe cooler end of the spectrum.

EXAMPLE
To achieve a moody and unsettling atmosphere with less sensitive film, day for night.

## istoriograph

the study of written history and the writing of history. This includes a tudy of the methods, assumptions, nd biases that shape the writing and iterpreting of history. Historiography is concerned with critical questions ach as: who writes history; why are ertain events and people included or xcluded from historical registers, and d and interpreted.

## EXAMPLE

ike building a castle, where you tart-where you lay the foundafollows; every action is based on and constrained by past actions every support is a form of fear.
land reform (Lithuania, post-Soviet)
efers to a series of legislative and dministrative measures that were mplemented in Lithuania after the co main of of the reform was to restore
private ownership of land, which had been abolished during the Soviet era. The reform involved the redistribution of state-owned land to private individcreation of a new legal framework for land ownership and use. The reform had a significant impact on the social, economic, and political landscape of Lithuania, as it allowed for the emergence of a new class of landowners and entrepreneurs.

## large language model (LLM)

refers to a type of artificial intelligence (AI) algorithm trained to find or "ordinary" language (language that has evolved through human use and repetition, without conscious planning or premeditation), and to process and generate new text based on the com plex relationships that it models from such language. Trained on massive amounts of text data, LLMs are increasingly employed in translating languages, analyzing sentiments, and produ mounts of new linguistic content

EXAMPLE
Human languages-visual, textual spoken-are not so much governed by rules and logical certainty, but instead provide meaning through a multitude of complex patterns of use, biases, and contextual referents. To comprehend and speak, then, requires experience, not a rulebook. LLMs are attempts to model, simulate, and deploy expe (through the ruts and pathways) provided by language itself

## literary unconscious, the

"Eloquent testimony to Freud's success as a lawgiver in his own right, the unconscious sway of psychoanalysis as an arbiter of modern thought and a staple of therapeutic practice represents the consummate kind of success any myth
texts can have. If it is the highest art to conceal art, to make fiction masquerade as a simulacrum of revealed or natural truth, then Freud succeeded more completely than most, more save Milton and those earlier lawgivers who wrote the Old Testament" Perry Meisel, Freud, A Collection of Critical Essays (1981)

## Lithuanian Metrica or the Metrica of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania or "Lietuvos Metrika"

(from the Latin 'matricula, or' "office book," and Polish 'metryka, or "archive") is a set of historical documents that encode and structure foundational regimes of land ownership and property in Lithuania. A collection of legal documents from the 14-18th century produced by the Chancellery of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania (GDL), written primarily in Old Ruthenian (followed later by Polish and Latin), the Metrica details records of land transactions from these periods, including the and their ancestors. These records were used to determine land owne ship and inheritance rights, as well as to track the movement of people and goods across the territory of the GDL. Held for a period in the 1500s at the Lower Castle in Vilnius, the books were copied, destroyed, stolen, and lost through numerous wars and political occupations over the centuries. Microfilm records of the over 600 books are preserved at the Lithuanian State digitally scanned and accessible to the public.

Palace of the Grand Dukes of Lith uania (Lietuvos Didžiosios Kunigaikštystės valdovu rūmai Vilniaus žemutinėje pilyje)
a reconstructed historical palace in Vilnius, Lithuania, located on the original excavated foundations of the Lower

5th century as the residence of the Grand Duke of Lithuania, and served s a center for administration, storage, nd recor keeping for the Chancellery The place has been destroyed and ebuilt several times; sporadic arche logical excavations of the site were conducted in 1964 during the Soviet oc upation, and continued (underfunded) during the 1990s. In the early 2000s, he palace was fully reconstructed as a museum that showcases its own role in he history and culture of Lithuania,

## perpetuity

in legal terms, perpetuity is a bond or an obligation that extends indefinitely, vithout a specified end date, and lasts an infinite period of time. The rule against perpetuities limits the duration保 to prevent them from lasting forevr, ensuring that property remains ransferable between generations and s not tied up indefinitely. Lawyers frequently find ways to circumvent the re agans pipetas, to anving and uphold the testator's intentions while still adhering to the law.

## EXAMPLE

To circumvent the rule against perpetuities, the Walt Disney Company set the duration of a governance greement to expire 21 years after he death of the last surviving desendant of England's King Charle III.

## ossession

its as the intersection of the concepts f haunting and ownership. In this context, haunting refers to the presnce or influence of a person or entity often involving a sense of lingering ttachment or control. Ownership, on the other hand, implies a legal or rightful claim over something, such as property or an object. These concep
where an individual or entity exerts control over something, either physically or metaphorically. This can man ifest in various ways, from the legal ownership of property to the idea of a by a supernatural force. Possession
encompasses the complex and multi-
faceted nature of control, attachment, and influence.

## skew

as a verb, skew means to move obliquely," describing an action o motion that deviates from a straight or n object is positioned or oriented, cre ating a visual impression of asymmetry or distortion. As a concept in statistics, skewness measures the asymmetry of a probability distribution. A distribution is said to be skewed if it is not symmet ric and has a tail on one side that is longer or fatter than the other.

